

**University of Delaware**  
**Department of Mathematical Sciences**

MATH-243 – Analytical Geometry and Calculus C  
Instructor: Dr. Marco A. MONTES DE OCA  
Fall 2012

Homework 10

Due date: November 19, 2012

**Problems**

Based on Sections 15.3 through 15.9 of the book *Calculus: Early Transcendentals* 7th edition by J. Stewart.

1. The average value of a function of two variables on a plane region  $D$  is defined as  $f_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{A(D)} \iint_D f(x, y) \, dA$ , where  $A(D)$  is the area of  $D$ . Using this information, calculate the average value of  $f(x, y) = x \sin y$  over the region on the plane enclosed by the curves  $y = 0$ ,  $y = x^2$ , and  $x = 1$ .

2. In evaluating a double integral over a region  $D$ , a sum of iterated integrals was obtained as follows:

$$\iint_D f(x, y) \, dA = \int_0^1 \int_0^{2y} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy + \int_1^3 \int_0^{3-y} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy.$$

Sketch the region  $D$  and express the double integral as an iterated integral with reversed order of integration.

3. Use polar coordinates to find the volume of the solid inside the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$  and outside the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

4. Use polar coordinates to combine the sum

$$\int_{1/\sqrt{2}}^1 \int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}}^x xy \, dy \, dx + \int_1^{\sqrt{2}} \int_0^x xy \, dy \, dx + \int_{\sqrt{2}}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} xy \, dy \, dx$$

into one double integral. Then evaluate the double integral.

5. Find the area of the part of the hyperbolic paraboloid  $z = y^2 - x^2$  that lies between the cylinders  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

6. Evaluate the iterated integral  $\int_0^1 \int_x^{2x} \int_0^y 2xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$ . [Answer: 5/8]

7. Evaluate the iterated integral  $\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x \int_0^{xz} x^2 \sin y \, dy \, dz \, dx$ . [Answer:  $\pi^2/4 - 1$ ]
8. A new auditorium is built with a foundation in the shape of one-fourth of a circle of radius 50 feet. So, it forms a region  $R$  bounded by the graph of  $x^2 + y^2 = (50)^2$  with  $x \geq 0$  and  $y \geq 0$ . The following equations are models for the floor and ceiling. Floor:  $z = \frac{x+y}{5}$ , Ceiling:  $z = 20 + \frac{xy}{100}$ . a) Calculate the volume of the room, which is needed to determine the heating and cooling requirements. b) Find the surface area of the ceiling. [Answer: a) 30,415.74 ft<sup>3</sup>, b) 2081.53 ft<sup>2</sup> ]
9. Solve for  $a$  in the triple integral

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{3-a-y^2} \int_a^{4-x-y^2} dz \, dx \, dy = \frac{14}{15}.$$

[Answer:  $a = 2, 16/3$ ]

10. Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} \, dx \, dy$ . Hint: Use polar coordinates and take the limit as  $r \rightarrow \infty$ . [Answer:  $\pi$ ]