University of Delaware Department of Mathematical Sciences

MATH-243 – Analytical Geometry and Calculus C Instructor: Dr. Marco A. MONTES DE OCA Fall 2012

Homework 8

Due date: October 23, 2012

Problems

Based on Sections 14.3, 14.4 and 14.5 of the book Calculus: Early Transcendentals 7th edition by J. Stewart.

- 1. You are hired as a consultant and your first task is to help a university increase its matriculation. You ask information about the relationship between the number of applicants, N, tuition fees, t, and room and board charges, b, and they tell you that according to their analysis $\frac{\partial N}{\partial b} < 0$ and $\frac{\partial N}{\partial t} > 0$. Does this information make sense? Explain.
- 2. Find the equation of the tangent plane to $z = e^{x^2 y^2}$ at the point (1, -1, 1).
- 3. Suppose you need to know the equation of the tangent plane to a surface S at the point (2, 1, 3). You don't have the equation for S, but you know that the curves $\vec{r}(t) = \langle 2+3t, 1-t^2, 3-4t+t^2 \rangle$ and $\vec{p}(u) = \langle 1+u^2, 2u^3-1, 2u+1 \rangle$ both lie on S. Find an equation of the plane at the point of interest.
- 4. Linearize $\sqrt{y + \cos^2 x}$ at (0, 0).
- 5. The radius and height of a right circular cylinder are measured with possible errors of 4% and 2%, respectively. Approximate the maximum possible percent error in measuring the volume.
- 6. Find the linear approximation of the function $f(x,y) = x^4y^2 + 3x^2 2y$ at (1,1) and use it to approximate f(0.98, 1.05).
- 7. If $u = x^2y^3 + z^4$, where $x = p + 3p^2$, $y = pe^p$, and $z = p\sin p$, use the Chain Rule to find $\frac{du}{dp}$.
- 8. Suppose z = f(x, y), where x = g(s, t), y = h(s, t), g(1, 2) = 3, $g_s(1, 2) = -1$, $g_t(1, 2) = 4$, h(1, 2) = 6, $h_s(1, 2) = -5$, $h_t(1, 2) = 10$, $f_x(3, 6) = 7$, and $f_y(3, 6) = 8$. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$ when s = 1 and t = 2.

- 9. The radius of a right circular cone is increasing at a rate of 1.8 in/s while its height is increasing at a rate of 2.5 in/s. At what rate is the volume of the cone changing when the radius is 120 in. and the height is 140 in.?
- 10. Find the directional derivative of $f(x,y) = 2\sqrt{x} y^2$ at (1,5) in the direction toward (4,1)